Plus Quam Speravimus:
OR;
The HAPPY SURPRIZE.

A

SERMON

PREACH'D at

Patching, in Sussex,

JANUARY the 20th, 1714.

BEING THE

Day of THANKSGIVING to Almighty GOD, for Bringing His MAJESTY to a Peaceable and Quiet Possession of the Throne; and Disappointing thereby the Designs of the Peterder, and all His Abettors and Adherents.

BY

THOMAS BLENNERHAYSETT,
Rector of PATCHING;

AND

Chaplain to the Right Honourable LIO NEL, Earl of Dorfet and Middlesex.

LONDON:

Printed for BENJ. Cowse, at the Rose and Crown in St. Paul's Church-Yard. MDCCXV.

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I may Gueffer Mr. Lord, at others Strieft.

DEDICATIO

Less of the Right Honourable of the Right Honourable

LIONEL,

Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, &c.

Knight Companion of the Most NOBLE ORDER of the GARTER.

merch increased, when You A ord he Mrt.

HE Honour I have Receiv'd, in being Admitted, some Years since, into the Number of Your Lordship's Chaplains, and the Countenance Your Lordship has so undeservedly vouch afed Me, upon all Occasions, that have occurr'd; do Embolden, and Encourage me, to shelter this First Attempt, to Break out of Obscurity, under Your Lordship's Patronage, and Protection.

office whole Un Et Province

If I may Guess, My Lord, at others Satisfaction by my own, the Minds of All True Lovers of their Country, were Fill'd with the most Agreeable Pleasure, and Grateful Sensation; when we were Publickly Inform'd, that Your Lordship was fingled out by those Great and Good Patriots, the Major Part of the late Regency; and fent on that Honourable and Important Message, which carry'd to his Sacred Majesty, the First Certain Account of his Actual Accession to the Throne of these Kingdoms. And express'd, at the same Time, the Hearty and Unfeigned Impatience of all His Loving and Loyal Subjects, to be made compleatly Safe and Eafy, with his Royal Presence, and Radiant Influence.

The General Satisfaction upon this Account as Great as it was, Came, I doubt not, infinitely short of That, which You your self, My Lord, particularly experienc'd, upon the same Oc-Which may well be supposed to be very much increased, when Your Lordship attended our Gracious Sovereign, and his Royal Highness the Prince, in their Advances towards us. And was an Eye-Witness of that Manly Joy, and Serious Transports that were shown by their HIGH MIGHTINESSES the States-General, as these Royal Welcome Guests pass'd thro' their Ravish'd Territories. Wherein. all Sorts of Persons seem'd to VYE with each other, and generously contend, who should most Express that Diffusive Gladness, which, at once ran through the whole United Provinces.

This was the Effect of a strong Affection, and Adherence in these Prudent and Well-Govern'd States, to the Person, Family, and Interest of His Majesty, and His Dominions, both New and Old; and of the Tender Refentments They Themselves must needs have for the Common Deliverance of Europe, which is the Subject of such Universal Joy. In which, They, who had always been our Faithful, Just, and Necessary Allies, bad no inconsiderable a Concern. When They, with many others, were, at long Run. to have been left, by an Unrelenting Party here. to the Bleffed Effects of the Superior Genius of a Grand Monarch; and fall a Sacrifice, to the Barbarous Indolence and Stupidity, to fay no worse, of those Guilty Men, that had taken Abundance of Bad Pains, to Make, and show Themselves the Enemies of Christendom, especially, among Protestants.

But, the Greatest Part of Your Lordship's Glory, and Joy too, is still behind, which cannot sufficiently be Conceiv'd, much less Tolerably Express'd. When Your Lordship, among many other Noble Peers of Great-Britain, Encircled and Adorned His Most Excellent Majesty, when He safely Arriv'd at the smiling Shore, of our late Bleeding, and now Blooming Country. Then it was that Your Lordship Heard and Saw, the Sparkling Vital Joy that Flow'd from every Heart and Eye, and yet seem'd a Captive, after all its Lavish Acclamations, and Universal Torrent, and still swell'd the Breasts of a Grateful

Grateful Ransom'd People; as if it wanted more Mouths, and Tongues, and Hands, than were employ'd, by all Ranks and Degrees of Persons, upon this Memorable, and Ravishing Occasion.

But I forget, That I shall Tire Your Lordship, even with this Dear and Pleasing Amusement, which would know no Bounds, if it were

not Brought under some due Restraint.

And therefore, intreating your Lordship's Favourable Interpretation and Acceptance, of the Freedom I have presum'd to take; I beg leave to Conclude, with this Hearty Request: That, as your Lordship advances in Years, and Honour, and Experience; so, You may increase in all Moral, Political, and Social Virtues: In the Favour of Your Prince, which Your Lordship, already, has so Just a Share in, as a Reward due to Your Lordship's great Merits; and in the Affection, and Esteem of all Faithful, and True Hearted BRITONS. So Prays,

(May it please Your Lordship,)

Your Lordship's

Feb. the 1st, 1714.

Most Humble Chaplain,

and Devoted Servants

THOMAS BLENNERHAYSETT

I have Nathing to Value my Self upon, but a Relolute Adherence, to our Happy Confliction, and on Claricus Succession, as the New, by the Dition Providence, The Place Annual Confimed Passionare Regards to which, have All Along, Proceed Me, much Opposition, and Malignity, in the Sphere, and Station wherein Life; and some Pe-

HIS Sermon, which was Ready for the Presi, about the Latter End of Last Month, should have been Publish'd sooner, if it had not been Obstructed, by my Distance from London, and several other Incidents: Particularly, the Lateness of our County Election; where we have, at Last, Carried it (Maugre all the Insults and Opposition, of a Broken Ruin'd Party, that is Resolved to Die Fighting) for two very Honest, and very Honourable PATRIOTS. Such as it is, whoth in it Self, and as to its Distance from the Happy Day, and Occasion on which it was Preach'd, I submit to the Candour of all True Friends to our Glorious King G E O R G E, and our Excellent Constitution, which Resumes fresh Life and Vigour, from the Benign and Genial Instuence, of our Present Rightful Sovereign.

I confess, there is Nothing in this Plain Discourse, which was Design'd for, and Deliver'd to, a very Small, but very Honest Audience; to Recommend it to the Animadversion of the Publick; but the Truth of the Narration, the Honesty of its Intention, and the Fervency of its Zeal. Which have not, Now, been Affectedly Taken up, to suit the Present Posture of Affairs; but have Always been All of a Piece; Steady, and Unshaken, in the Worst of Times.

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I have Nothing to Value my Self upon, but a Resolute Adherence, to our Happy Constitution, and our Glorious Succession; as it has Now, by the Divine Providence, Taken Place Amongst Us. My most Passionate Regards to which, have All Along, Procur'd Me, much Opposition, and Malignity, in the Sphere, and Station wherein I Act; and some Peculiar Hardships, which have been very Grating; but seem Less, than indeed they are, by that Full-Grown Happiness I Enjoy, in Common with my Fellow Subjects, under the Auspicious Reign, of the Best, and Wisest of Princes.

My Great Ambition, in this Honest Undertaking. is to Let the World fee, that the Defection Among the Clergy, from the Real Interest of their Country, is not fo Great, but that there are Many, among whom, I am the Meanest of All, that are, and have been Truly Zealous, and Affectionate for the Publick Good; and have kept Clear from that Justly to be Lamented Contagion, which has too Much of Late Infected all Orders and Degrees of Persons among Us. But, since this Malignant Aspect, is, or will be seasonably Diffipated, and the Genius of our Country bas so far Recover'd, its Pristine Health and Honour; it is to be Hoped, that there will be as Great Tenderness Us'd towards Those of our Brethren, that have Given too Much Cause of Offence, in the Late Ill Management, as is Confistent with the Publick Safety, and is Proper in so Nice and Critical an Affair; which must be Left to the Wisdome, and Justice of the NATION, in the Ensuing Parliament.

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In the Mean Time; the there has been Great Provocation Given, by Those among Us, that have either been Weak, and Misguided, on the One Hand, or Designedly Wicked, and Worthless, on the other: yet, the Greatest Moderation and Prudence, at this Juncture, will, I Doubt not, he Found very Necessary, Expedient, and Desirable; were it only, on the Account of the Truly Great, and Good, in the Sacred Order, that have Deserv'd so well of the Publick.

These may, it is to be Wish'd, Prove a Skreen and Shelter, in the Day of Enquiry, and Just Resentment, that may not be Far off, for those Unhappy Persons, that are really Inexcusable, before God. and Men: Especially, when it may be Remember'd. that the Almighty would have Spar'd, even a Sodom. if there had been but Ten Righteous Persons in it: whereas, We have, God Be Praised, many, very many Duplicates, of that Number. To which, We may Add; that, We have the Fairest Prospect Imaginable. to Believe, that They, that have been most Obnoxious, for their Bad Conduct, and Unwarrantable Practices, among the Pretended Sons of Peace, as well as others, are Like to be as Harmless (Thanks to Divine Providence, and not their Virtue) as They will, in Due Time, be Helpless, or Destitute of a Capacity, the not a Will, to do Farther Mischief; when the Disorders of the State, and such Churchmen too, come to be Fully Rectified, and We are Put into the Free, and Lasting Possession, of our Former Tranquillity and Safety, which is, in fo Great a Measure, Already Compleated.

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While We All Solace our Selves, with the Firm, and Pleasing Expediation of so Great a Bleffing, which is All we want, to Render Us Compleatly Happy: I shall think, that I have en/Ample Satisfaction, and Reward, if I may by this Free, and Open Declaration, Approve my Self, as I shall Endeavour Always to do, the state of the self-state of the Sacred Compleation of the Sacred Compleating Self-state of the Sacred Compleating Secred Compleating Self-state of the Sacred Compleating Secred Compleating Secred

A Dutiful Subject

Thele may, it is to be Willi'd, Provo a Skir Chichefter, To my Prince, C sat in restore ment, that may not be Far off, for those Unbann Perfons, that are really inexculable, before b red a man And a Faithful Servand that the Almighty would have Spar'd, even a Sodom, if there is Maildut adt of ighteous Pertons in it; whereas, Volume, Good he Praised, many, or op mamy Duplicates, of that Number. To which. We may Add: that, We have the Veireft Profped Imaginaile, to Relieve, that They, that have been nicht Obnosioldsta THOMAS BLENNERHAYSETT Practices, among the Pretended Sons of Peace, as well as solvers, are Like to be as Harmless (Thanks to Divine Providence, and not their Virenc) or They will, in the Time, be Helplefs, or Destinue of a Canacity, the not a Will, to de Farther Milchief; incu tons come to be Pully Rechified, and He are Put mental Local and Laffing Posicifion, of ow Pormer Franciscity and Safety, subito is, in fo Great a Alutare: Already Compleated.

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which Diffientes the most Extensive Blessings, in Various Ways, & wilks Xist M. Jand 2019 es such an Open, and Commong Display of the Walden and Failt-faller, Trust and Mercy of the Walden and Failt-faller, Trust and Mercy of the Walden and all Other his

For Thou preventest Him with the Blessing of Goodness; Thou settest a Crown of Pure Gold upon his Head.

H E Subject of this Pfalm, is very much the Same with the Foregoing; tho Something Alter d, as to the Form of it. For, the People, for whose Use Both these Pfalms were Compos'd, are Di-

(as Engaged in, and the tradite here Recorded

rected, in the Former, to Join in their Unanimous and most Ardent Requests, for the Prosperity and Success, of their Lawful and Beloved King, as David Undoubtedly was: And Herein they are a Bright Pattern for All Dutiful and Loyal Subjects in After-Ages. And in the Latter, They are Assisted, to Turn the Prayers before Put up, in such an Affectionate and Becoming Manner, into Chearful Praises, and Transports of Joy, for the Blessings they had so Signally received, in Answer to their Pious Wishes, and Just Desires.

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THIS has been the Practice of all Generous, and Well-Disposed Minds, in all Concerns, both of a Private and Publick Nature. It being Agreeable to the Dictates of Reason, and Religion, that the Divine Goodness should Humbly be implored, and Earnestly applied to, for all Personal, and National Mercies; which are Wholly in God's Power, and at His Difposal. And, that the Divine Bounty should be Acknowledged, and Ador'd, whenever thefe Bleffings are shower'd down, by the Liberal Hand of Heaven, which Dispenses the most Extensive Blessings, in Various Ways, as well as Methods; and makes fuch an Open, and Convincing Display of the Wisdom and Faithfulness, Truth and Mercy of God, and all Other his Transcendent and Endearing Perfections, as should excite " All Men, to Praise the Lord for his Goodness, " and for his Wonderful Works to the Children of Men.

WE need not many Words, to evince the Exact Correspondence, between the Work we are at Prefint Engag'd in, and the Practice here Recorded, for our Instruction. Both which bear an Agreeable Proportion and Conformity, to the General Observation, before laid down; and should be the Result of our most Grateful Resentments. Especially, when we consider, how much Almighty God, in his Unspeakable, and Undeserved Mercy, has Answer'd our Prayers, and Exceeded our very Hopes; and Bles'd us with fuch a Scene of Happiness and Peace, by the Seasonable, and Quiet Accession of our Present Gracious, and Rightful Sovereign, KING GEORGE, to the Imperial Crown of These Kingdoms, as is hardly to be Parallel'd, in all its Circumstances, by the most Surprizing Appearance, and Deliverances, that have Ever been Vouchsafed Us, as a Nation.

IT is well known, that Many, and indeed All, that were willing to show, any Real Concern for the

Good of their Country; and Knew, and Espous'd, and Prosecuted its Truest Interest and Welfare; and Dar'd to be Resolute, Unbias'd, and Unshaken, when the Iniquity of the Late Ill Administration of Affairs, Ran so High, and seem'd to Bear down All before it. All Such, I fay, as Duly confider'd, the Value of their Civil, and Religious Liberties, as Britons, and Protestants; were Sincerely engag'd in the Commendable Work, that is specified in the 20th Psalm. That is, Praying for that KING, whom God, in his Good Providence, had Design'd Us: Or, which is in Effect the same, Praying, that God, in his Own Time, would Transmit Safe to Us, that Protestant Succession, in the Illustrious House of HANNOVER, which. Under Him, was our Only Visible Security, both at Home and Abroad.

AND yet, with Wonder we may speak it! This very Succession, seem'd to be so Little Thought of, or Mentioned by Some; or rather, was as much Exploded, at least, Slily, and Maliciously Struck at, as if it had been no Legal or Lasting Establishment, and so, might be Insulted with Impunity, and Reward: Or, as if their Hopes of Setting it Aside, Sooner or Later, were as Promising, and Well-grounded, in their Own

Esteem, as their Designs were Real.

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NOTWITHSTANDING which, and the Dreadful Lengths Some ran, in their Endeavours to Sap, or Strike at, the very Root of our Only Bulwark and Defense; there were Many, and Those, the most Considerable for Honour, Wealth, Ability, and Sound Judgment, that kept Clear of that General Frenzy, and Infection, which had well nigh Hurried the Ignorant, and the Inveterate, into such Ill Sentiments, and Worse Actions, as brought us to the very Brinks of Ruin. But, these Brave Souls knew how, at the same Time, to Preserve their Integrity, in the B2 midst

midst of Snares; stand by their Country, when she was almost Totally Abandon'd; and be Firm to those Oaths, and Engagements, which so Many Others seem'd to have Forgotten, or were resolv'd to Contradict, and Sacrifice; to their own Particular Views and In-

terefts.

MATTERS were brought to fo Bad 2 Pass, that it was grown Fashionable, and Commendable, to Run with a Multitude to do Evil: And either Transact, or Approve, of the most Destructive Meafures that ever were fet on Foot, among a Free-Born People. And yet Many, even Then, had the Honour and Happiness, as well as Honesty, to Stand the Trial they Continually met with, from the Opposition and Contradiction of Unreasonable Men, which was no Small one: And had the Publick Good, always fo much at Heart, that they often, both Secretly and Openly, put up the most Importunate, and Unwearied Requests, for the Bleffing we Now Rejoyce in. Which Requests, may All be fumm'd up, in that Fust, and Genuine Petition, which you have often heard. viz. That God would Preserve the Protestant Succesfion, against all the Attempts, Designs, and Hopes, of its Open and Secret Enemies: Who, whatever they may Pretend, always Have been, Are, and Will be. when Ever they are Able, the Real Patrons and Promoters of a Popish Prince, and an Arbitrary Government : from Both which, the GOOD LORD, and the BRITISH GENIUS, Now, and Ever deliver Us.

NOR, were such Desires lest Unanswer'd; for, when Things were brought to the Utmost Criss, and we seem'd as Sheep, just Ready for the Slaughter; and our Fears were so far Increas'd, and that Justly, as to leave very little Room for Hope, or any Tolerable Prospect of Escaping, the many Impending Miseries; that;

worse than Death it self. Then, GOD Himself interposed, in a most Surprizing Manner; by sending us a Second, and Glorious Deliverer, in many Respects, Like our First, the Immortal KING WILLIAM the HILL of Happy Memory, and in some Exceeding Him. Hereby, God soon Dispelled those Thick Clouds of Horror and Despair, that Portended nothing less, than a total Subversion of our Excellent Constitution, in Church and State; and Filled the Heart of every True Briton, and Good Protestant, with the most Elevated Transports of Joy and Gladness, by the Pleasing Enjoyment, of many Unvaluable Blessings in Hand, and many more, in Reversion, and Hope.

THUS, God has given us Beauty for Ashes, the Oil of Joy for Mourning, and the Garment of Praise for the Spirit of Heaviness; and has put into our Hearts and Mouths, Songs of Deliverance, whereby We, as Ship-Wreck'd Mariners, that can Think of, and Recount with Pleasure, the Horrid Dangers they have Narrowly Escap'd; may Look Back upon our Late Unhappy Circumstances, with the Greater Wonder and Thankful-

ness.

upon which Account, we have Just Reason to say, that the Net is broken, and We are Escap'd; and the Pit which was prepar'd for Us, by our Enemies, and Prepared, with as much Haughty Insolence, as Premeditated and Wilful Malice, is not only Discover'd, but we may reasonably hope, Reserv'd for Those that Laugh'd at our Ruin, and Sported with our Destruction.

CERTAINLY This, and much more that might be offer'd, were it not something Improper, on this foyful Occasion, to dwell too long Here, on such a Black and Melancholy Theme; tho' we shall find it Hereafter very necessary, again to Resume it: All this, I say.

I say, may Warrant the present Assembling our selves together, in the House of God, to give Him the Glory of that Salvation, which He Himfelf has Thus Wrought This is a Work, highly Reasonable in it felf; and very Agreeable to the Copy that is fet us in this Pfalm, wherein is our Text. Which should the More be taken notice of, because the Causes of our Rejoycing, bear a Near Resemblance to Those, that are Here mentioned; and that are Now to be considered. to raise our Minds, to the Highest Pitch of Affection, and Gratitude. To promote which, it may be of Use to us, to confider,

- I. The Bleffing it felf, that is here Vouchsaf'd and Commemorated.
- II. The Particular Circumstance, that makes this Bleffing the more Remarkable, and Affecting.

I. The Blessing it self, that is here Vouchsaf'd.

and Commemorated. THIS is to be feen, in the Latter Part of the

Verse; Thou settest a Crown of Pure Gold upon his Head. Neither the Crown it felf, nor its Luftre and Worth, were any farther Confiderable, than as they were Ensigns or Tokens of that Royal, and Excellent Majesty, that was conferr'd upon David; who had been Singled out, Long Before he came to the Throne, and was Prepared by Many Steps, and through Various Trials, for that High Dignity, to which he was Afterwards advanc'd. Though he was not Actually, or Visibly Invested with it, till the Crown, in a most Solemn, and Publick Manner, was Plac'd upon his Head ; that

that all the People, by this Emblem or Evidence, might Take Notice of, and Recognize him, whom God had Chosen, and so Immediately appointed, to

this Great, and Important Office.

THERE was indeed, a Wonderful Appearance, and Interposition of Providence, in the Whole of this Assair. For, David was as Far from this Honour, in all Human Appearance, as can well be Imagined. The Rule and Government had been six'd, by God bimself, in another Tribe and Family, in the Person of SAUL. But, as God Made Him King, in his Anger, so he Took him away in his Wrath; for his Bad Management, and Ill Administration; and brought in a New Succession, in the Person and Family of DAVID; who was Nominated indeed, and Fix'd on by God, but Chosen, or Approv'd of, by the People; whose Consent, in Scripture Language, is call'd Renewing, or Consirming, or Settling the Kingdom, how much soever Some have laugh'd at this Sacred Truth.

WITH good Reason, However, is the Divine Agency and Concurrence, Here so Expressy mention'd; Thou hast Set a Crown upon his Head. This is Particularly Acknowledged, as God's Work; for So it was, in a more Remarkable, and Especial Manner, than can Any Way, Now, be Pretended to. Tho' Indeed, in the General; the Disposal of Crowns and Kingdoms, is in the Hand of God, who Putteth down One, and Setteth up Another, as he Pleases: And Entrusts, the Supreme Government of Nations and States, with Such Persons, and for Such Ends, as are Most Agreeable, to his own Will and Wisdom, and may Maintain, his own Glory and Prerogative, who is the only Absolute, and Uncontroulable Potentate, the King of Kings, and Lord

of Lords.

AS Such, He Keeps the Sovereign Right of Universal Empire, in his Own Power, as a Jewel Worthy only only of Himself; and Imparts some Rays of his Supreme Jurisdiction, to his Delegates, and Vicegerents, Here on Earth: For So is every Chief Magistrate, or Head, in every Civil Government, of Every Sort. There being No Form Thereof, so Peculiarly Distinguish'd from the Rest, as to Challenge to it self, a Greater Share, in the Divine Appointment, or Approbation, than Any other: When They are All, of the Like Authority, and the Like Use, when Regulated with such Prudence and Moderation, Equity and Justice, as to Promote the Glory of that God, who has Instituted and Appointed Them; and Procure the Real Welfare and Happiness of Those, that are Requir'd to submit to Them.

IN this Sense, it is, that the Apostle Expressy Asserts, that there is No Power, but of GOD. This is not to be Understood so much of Persons, as Things, i. e. Magistracy, and Civil Authority, in General; which may well be said to be of God, because, He has Instituted the Office it self, and He Appointeth, or Permitteth, the Persons that are to Execute it. For, as his Divine Superintendency, Extends it self to all Sublunary Affairs, and Orders, and Over-rules All Things, in Earth, as well as Heaven: So, He may well be supposed, to Have a More than Common Regard to this Grand Concern, which is of such General

THUS, we are farther inform'd, That the Powers that BE, are Ordained of God, i. e. this Civil, and Supreme Authority, where-ever it is Lodg'd, is not Simply from God, as all other Things, at First, were; but It is Order'd and Appointed Since, for the Better Government of the World, and to Prevent that General Confusion and Disorder, which must have Ensued, without some Distinction, and Subordination of Persons. Who, upon a Common Level, and Equa-

Importance to Mankind.

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lity, could never have Form'd, any Civil Societies, or Bodies Politick, which were Absolutely Necessary, when Mankind was very much Increas'd. Or, if They had Attempted such a Coalition; They could Never have Cemented, or kept long together, without some Fust, and Fixed Regulations, which should Oblige All the Members of such Societies, According to their several Offices, and Respective Conditions.

THIS feems to be the Original of All Government; which, if Carefully Attended to, would Prevent the Many Mistakes, concerning this Matter, which are, either Ignorantly Entertain'd, by Inconfiderate Persons, or Wilfully Misimprov'd, by Ill Designing Men, to the Work of Purposes, as we have Found by Sad, and Late Experience. But the Rule is Plain; and the Truth lies in a Little Compass. For, it is Certain, that God has Ordained Government, in General, without Specifying any Particular Mode; when They are All Appointed, and Approved of by Him, as far as They Answer the Design of their Institution, and no Farther, In Regard of which, it is Undoubtedly the Will of Heaven; that some should Govern, and Others Obey, According to the Stated Laws, and Fixed Rules of Each Particular State, and Country; which Always Are, or Should be the Measure, both of the Commands of Those, that are the HIGHER POWERS, and of the Obedience of Those, that are to Submit to them.

THUS Far God has Interested Himsels in Civil Government, and No Farther. And can We think, that such a Wise, and Just, and Beneficent Being, should Concern Himsels So Far, without some very Good, and Gracious Design? No Certainly. As his Tender Mercies are Over All his Works; and, as Mankind, has been the Chief Object of his Care and Love, in this Lower World: So, He has Instituted

Instituted and Establish'd this Order, and Distinction, of Persons, for the General Benefit. So True is it, that whoever is Supreme, in any Kingdom and State, is to be Look'd upon, As the Minister of God, FOR GOOD; nor, can He be said to be His Minister, any Farther, than He Answers this End.

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UPON which Account, all Tyrannical, Arbitrary, and Oppressive Princes, are wholly Unworthy of such a Character; and Deserve No Otherwise to be Thought, to be From God, than Famine, Pestilence, or Sword, or any other Publick Calamities, Are So. They are, Indeed, God's Rods, or Scourges, to Chastise and Punish a Sinful Nation: Rut such Rods, or Punishments, as may be Deprecated, Avoided, and Resisted, by the Same Methods, and with as Much Reason, as any other Temporal Evils

subat Coever.

BUT Prudent Governors; fuch, as Make the Glory of God, and the Welfare of their People, their Chief Aim, and SUPREME LAW; may Well be Accounted, the Emblems of the Deity. and the Darlings of Mankind, When, a Nation is so Happy, as to be Rul'd by such Persons, as Acknowledge it, to be their Duty, and their Interest, to Govern by Law; without Making their Owns Will, and Pleasure, the Only Standard of their Commands; and Consult the Real Honour; and Happines of their Subjects, at the Same Time, and by the Same Rules, that They Cheriff and Enforce, their own Lawful Authority, and Just Prerogative; and, there is a Generous Emulation, between Prince, and People, who shall most Promote their Mutual Interefts; within the Limits Prescrib'd to Each: This is a Pleasing Model of Government, and seems Admirably

Gracious

bly well Adapted, to Answer all the True Designs, that

God, or Man, can Propose, Desire, or Expect.

THIS Happiness, is No where So Conspicuous, or So Fully Enjoy'd, as in GREAT-BRITAIN; wherein We are Blest with a fust, and Limited Monaroby. Tho', this Blessing has sometimes been Eclips'd, or Allay'd, by the Attempts of Weak, or Ambitious, Princes; who yet, have Always Felt the Smart, of their Rash, and Illegal Measures. So Tenderly, has Divine Providence watch'd over our Establish'd, and Unvaluable Privileges; that All Endeavours, to Overturn, or Violate our Liberties, either Civil, or Sacred, have Issued in the Confusion, and Disappointment, of those Bold and Guilty Men, that have Dar'd to Break in, upon our Excellent Constitution, or Invade our Fust Rights.

BUT, where Matters have Ran in a Clear Channel, and our Princes have Approv'd Themselves, the True Fathers of their Country; and the LAW, as Indeed it is, has been the Fixed Boundary, between the Princes Authority, and the Peoples Obedience; there has Ever been, as Great an Harmony, as Real Happiness. It being, the Genius of all True Britons, to Love MONARCHY; when Ducly Regulated, and Legally Exerted; and to Pay a Chearful, Reasonable, and Ready Obedience, to those Wise, and Good Princes, that have Scorn'd, to Strain their PREROGATIVE, Beyond its Just Bounds, or Depress the Common Liberty, Below the Dignity and Privilege, of a Generous, and Free Born People.

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SUCH a Prince, was our Late Glorious Deliwerer, King WILLIAM; Such, our Late Sovereign, Queen ANNE; 'till the Glories of Her Bright Reign, were Eclipsed and Obscur'd, by the Worst Servants, that ever a Prince Employ'd, and a People So Long Endured. And Such, is our Present

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Gracious Sovereign, King GEORGE; if we may be Allowed, to Guess at his Future Manage-

ment, by his Past Bebaviour.

THIS is the Very BLESSING, we at Present Commemorate; suitable to the Example, Here set. Us in the Text. God has made All Opposition to Fall before his Present Majesty, till He Became our King, and Governor; and has Brought Him, to the Peaceable, and Quiet Poffession of that Throne, which had been Intail'd on his Illustrious House, and Family, by the most Deliberate Acts, and Solemn Engagements. To the Regret, and Rage, and Terror, and Torment, of All that Envied, or Oppos'd our Happiness; and the Boundless for, and, we Hope, Lasting Security, of All the Friends of their Prince, and Country : Who may well fay, that This is the Lord's Doing, and it should be Marvellous

in our Eyes.

FOR, God has, in a Literal Sense, Bestow'd the very Blessing, for which his Praise is so justly cele-brated in the Text; when he has Given us a King, both after Hir, and Our Own Heart ; and has fer a Crown of Pure Gold upon bis Head, by that Solemn and Publick Inauguration, which has fill'd the Hearts of all his Loyal Subjects, with so much Real Joy, some Few Months Since. And altho, this Circumstance, be only a Decent Ceremony, and External Form; there being no more Real Authority, Imprest upon the Person of a Prince, by It, than What He was Truly Invested with Before: Yet, it seems to Put a Greater Mark of Distinction, Reverence, and Effeem. Yea, it Fixes such a Legible and Undoubted Character of Royalty upon Him, as must needs Fill his Fastest Friends, with a Pleasing Satisfaction; confirm Those in their Duty, that might be Wavering in their Affection, or Ready to Make some Sort of Doubt of his Right ;

knows

Right; and Leave those Unreasonable Men, without Excuse, that Dare, Openly, or Secretly, to be his Enemies: When They see Him, Invested with those Ornaments, and Emblems of Majesty, that Proclaim Him, in FACT, or RIGHT, or Both, to be the LORD's ANOINTED.

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SUCH an One, is our Glorious King GEORGE, who is Now Crown'd, and folemnly Recogniz'd, to be our Lawful Head; though some were so Wicked, as to Wish or Threaten, that we never should see so Joyful a Day. God has given Us a King, that Begins a New Race of MONARCHS, as David did; and Gives Us the most Agreeable Prospect, of a Lasting Tranquillity and Happiness. Not only by his own many Personal Vertues, and Commendable Qualities, that make Him, Every Way, an Honour to the Crown He Wears; but, by so many Noble Stems of the ROYAL RACE, which we Already Enjoy, and Still Hope for: Which seem to Lay a Foundation, for such Distant Views, and Pleasing Expectations, as Add no small Weight, and Accent to our Present Joy, which could not be so compleat, without Them.

WE Have a Prince, that is Come, to Make Us Happy; and to Force Some to be So, whether They will, or not. A Prince, that has Made such an Excellent Use, of a Sovereign, and Uncontroulable Authority, as may Well Make Us Conclude, that He will Exercise a Limited One, with Great Moderation, and Goodness. A Prince, that is Like to Raise the British GLORY, and INTEREST, to an Higher Pitch, both at Home and Abroad, than the Best of our Kings have ever Advanc'd It: If He be not shamefully Retarded, by Men of the Same Principles, and Spirit, as Those were, that Oppos'd all the Glorious Designs, of the Great King William. In a word; a Prince, who, as He has Resolved, to Govern Us by our Own Laws; so, He

knows how to Punish, all Wilfull Offences, and Gross Affronts. It being, the Standing Maxim of his Own GREAT SOUL, and of his Illustrious Family; TO REWARD HIS FRIENDS, DO JUSTICE TO HIS ENEMIES, AND FEAR NO MAN.

II. The Particular Circumstance, that Makes
This Blessing, the more Remarkable, and
Affecting.

THIS is to be seen, in the Former Part of the Verse; for Thou Preventest Him, with the Blessing of Goodness. This was True of David, in Many Respects. As God had, so Unexpectedly, Advanced Him to the Kingdom, and Follow'd Him, with Innumerable other Blessings, by his Frequent, and Signal Appearances for Him, and the Many Victories, and Successes He Afforded Him, against his Many Enemies: as well as, by the Glories, and Banessis that Attended, his Long and Useful Reign, and were Transmitted to his Son and Successor, who had this Distinguishing Character, that there was No Prince, Before, or Since, that ever Equall'd Him, in all Respects.

AND, may not Much of This, be Applied to

and Occasion of Rejoicing? God has Given Us a SOVEREIGN, every Way Capable to Answer, All We can Reasonably Expect, or Justly Desire: and has Crown'd Him, for Our Benefit, with the Blessing of Goodness, i.e. with the most Excellent

Bleffings, and with Abundance of them.

AND, this is True, if we not only Consider, his own Family, Territories, and Alliances Abroad, All which Redound, to the Honour, and Advantage of all his People; but, Look upon Him, as Posses's of

of the Two Potent , and Flourishing Kingdoms, of GREAT-BRITAIN, and IRELAND: for Such They are, fince HE Has Made them So. This. Accellion of Power, will Make Him, as Considerable to his Friends, and as Terrible to his Enemies, as any One Prince, in Europe : If we Regard, the Honour and Luftre of our NOBILITY, the Wealth and Loyalty of our GENTRY, and the Duty and Affe-Etion of our COMMONALTY. Notwithstanding the Surprizing Effects, of the Madness and Insolence. of a WORTHIESS MAN and Contemptible Tool of a Party: which had but Too Much Intoxicated their Minds, and Blinded their Eyes, and Diverted Them from their Real Intereft : Till the Ferment, which Artful Men had Rais'd, upon the most Unjust Grounds, was, in some Good Measure, Dif-Gooted and Removed.

NOW, as if all these Advantages were not Enough, to Enhance, and Endear This Signal Blessing; the Circumstance, that Attended it, and the Manney, in which it was Bestowed, Give a Fresh Lustre, and Farther Beauty to it, and Lay an Higher Obligation on All Those, that Partake of the Common Benesian on All Those, that Partake of the Common Benesian For, God has PREVENTED our Gracious Severeign, with the Blessing of Goodness, both More, and Sooner, than either HE, or WE could Expect: Thereby, Surprizing Him with the Gift of the Kingdom, when it might Least be Thought of; and with many Happy Events which Concurred, to make his Accession to the Throne, more Speedy, and Uninterrupted, than our Pregnant Fears, and Just

Apprehensions, could Suffer Us to Hope for.

THIS will more Clearly Appear, if We take an Distinct View, of the Posture of Affairs, at her Late Majesties DECEASE; Arising from the Malignity, and Ascendency of that very FACTION, that seem'd Fully

Fully Bent, to Overthrow the Protestant Succession, as it was by many Good, and Vigorous Laws Establish'd: and were Resolv'd, to Venture at All, rather than not Compass those Designs, which had Long been Forming, even, Ever Since this Happy Succession had been in View.

FOR, no Sooner, did the Great King William, Evidence his Tender Care for our Native Country, in which, Many had Made but Ill Returns, for all the Great Things He had Done for Us; and show'd, how Willing He was, to Carry his Views, and Affectionate Concern, beyond the Limits of his own Unvaluable LIFE, by Leaving Us the very LEGACY, We Now Enjoy, the Best, and Greatest, that He could Give, or We Receive. No sooner, I say, did This Blessing begin to Dawn; but the Friends to Arbitrary Government, and the Adherents, or Well-Wishers to the JA-COBITE Cause, and Interest, were Alarmed, and Con-

founded.

AND Altho, They could not Hinder, this Glarious Succession from being Establish'd, by Act of Parliament, which, One would have Thought, might have Quash'd all Farther Thoughts and Designs; yet, They Remain'd Uneasy and Restless, Incensed and Enrag'd; and Caus'd, such Just Apprehension of Danger; that the Wisdom of the NATION, with the Late Queen, at the Head of it, Thought it Necessary, to Confirm this Sacred Treasure, and Only ASYLUM for our Lives, and Liberties, with Repeated, and, if Possible, Better Concerted SECURITIES. As if. All was Little Enough, to Baffle and Disappoint, the Pernicions Devices of a SET of Men, that feem'd Refolv'd, to Gather Strength out of Despair, and furmount the most Invincible Difficulties, by a Malicious Industry; which was Secretly at Work, when it could not Fully be Difcern'd; but Sufficiently Appear'd, to Warrant : Warrant our Jealousies, and Make Us Guard against them.

THUS, Matters stood in Suspence, for a Considerable Time, between a Glorious Ambition, on the Part of the Government, to Defend, and Seoure Us; and an Inglorious Emulation, and Envy, on the Part of our Enemies, to Unbinge, and Endanger Us. Prompted Them, to Cherish their Inveteracy, when They could not Gratify it; and Reserve Themselves, and their Utmost Efforts, for the First Opportunity, that should Offer. In the Gloomy Expectation of which, They feem'd Sullenly, and Silently, to Stagnate, or Stand Still; till the Unparallel'd Successes, of our Ever Renowned GENERAL, the BRAVE DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH, Put Them beyond All Patience, and Forc'd Them to Discover Themselves, More than their Deep Designs, and Premeditated Disguise, would, or should have Suffer'd Them. It being Visible and Apparent, that They Always Repin'd at our Advantages, and Openly Rejoic'd in our Disappointments; which showed, that They had an Interest to Promote, Vastly Different, from That of their Country.

THIS, it is Probable, gave Birth to that Hellish Contrivance, of the INVASION in SCOTLAND, which Still Remains a Mystery, in a Great Measure; but, has So Far Appear'd, of Late, that We Know, what PARTY, and what SORT of Persons, were Engaged in it. But, as This was Disappointed, in the very Nick of Time, and no very Bad Effects Follow'd; there was Les Notice Taken of it, than, it may be, such an AFFAIR Deserv'd: And so, the GUILTY Escap'd, both Punishment, and Discovery; which seems to be the Real Foundation, of All the Unbappy Steps, that have Since been Taken, and the Wretched Condition, in which, We were Afterwards Involv'd.

IT is but Too Well Known, that our Enemies were not Disheartned, or Diverted from their Main Design; tho' They were Greatly Disappointed, by this AC-CIDENT, for the Present. They seem'd Still Resolv'd, to Try their Decisive Experiment; which was, either to Gain their Grand Point, or Fall, at Once,

in the Attempt.

FOR, when a Torrent of Credit, at Home, and Prosperity, Abroad, had Brought Them to the very Brink of Despair; and, They saw their Grand ALLY, and Only Support, Brought to such a Pass, that He was upon the Point, of Sueing for Any Peace, rather than Have None; and Fear'd, as He has since publickly enough Acknowledged, that the Taking of One Town more, at least, Another Campaign, would have Put his Affairs, beyond all Possibility of being Retriev'd: His KIND FRIENDS, but our DOMESTICK ENEMIES, did That for Him, by their Too Successful Treachery, which He could Never Ac-

complish, by All the Power of his Arms.

IN Order hereunto, They First Endeavour, to Divide, and Weaken Us, by Making the Pres, and Pulpit Ring, with the most Insnaring, and Pernicious Doctrines, which feem'd, Before, to be Exploded, or Quietly Buried in Oblivion: But were Revived, on Purpose, to Blacken, and Banter the GLORIOUS REVOLUTION, and Stab cur HAPPY CON-STITUTION, in its most Effential, and Vital Parts. This, They Attempted, as by other Methods, fo, by Filling the Heads of the Common People, by their Addresses, and many other Worse Means, with such Wild Notions, of PASSIVE OBEDIENCE, and Non-Resistance, in the most unlimited Sense; Hereditary, and Undefeasible Right (and much More, to the same Purpose, that is Foreign to the LAWS, and GENIUS of our Country, and was Calculated for

for Another MERIDIAN) that They Soon Turn'd the Brains, of the Unthinking Multitude, and Made

Them Accessory, so All the Evils that Ensued.

IT is Amazing to Reflect, how Insensibly this CONTAGION work'd, and Effectually spread it self, even, beyond their own most Sanguine Imaginations; which Produc'd Surprizing Changes, for the WORSE, and Put our Enemies into a Capacity, of Throwing off the Mask, and Acting without Control, and Abusing that Power, They so Unaccountably Gain'd, to Promote their Avowed Designs; and Turn, all the Happiness We Enjoy'd, under the BEST MINLSTRY, that ever a Nation was Blessed with, into a

Melancholy Scene, of Darkness, and Despair.

AS a Prelude to which, They Brought off their COMMON BARRETOR, and VILE CHAM-PION, with so Slight a Punishment, as Render'd that Wound Incurable, which was very Doubtful Before; and Puff't up, that VAIN MAN, who Valued Himself, for his Accidental Success, with so much Pride and Insolence, as Emboldened Him, to Insult the Justice of the Nation, and Break the Publick LAWS, and PEACE, in a most Riotous, and Tumultuary Manner. This was Directly Contrary, to his Belowed Principles, of Unreserved Obedience; which were but Wretchedly Explain'd, and Uncoutbly Illustrated, by so Contemptuous, and Irregular a Deportment, as came near to REBELLION, and TREASON.

THE Consequence of This, and many other Sad Occurrences, was the Dissolution of that TRUE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, which ought never to be Forgotten, by all Sincere Lovers of their Country; and Chusing Another, in its Room, Compos'd of Persons, of Quite Different PRINCIPLES, and PROSPECTS. Dismissing a SET of Wise, Honest, and Faithful MINISTERS; and Taking Those, in D 2

their Stead, that were Ready, to Come into Any Measures, that should be Propos'd. Discarding our VICTORIOUS GENERAL, in a Manner, very Disagreeable to a Generous Mind; and that, for no other Crime, but Doing his DUTY, and Almost Accomplishing the Grand Work, of Reducing, our Then COMMON ENEMY, to Reason. Abandoning our ALLIES, in the very HOUR of Distress: Disjointing the most Formidable CONFEDERACY, that Ever was Form'd: Making a SEPARATE PEACE, contrary to the PUBLICK FAITH; Forcing OTHERS into it, Sore against their Wills; and Leaving the REST, to shift for Them-

selves, as They could.

BY fuch Methods, as Thefe, We Loft, at Once, the only Favourable Opportunity, we are ever Like to Enjoy, of Settling the TRANQUILLITY, and BALLANCE of EUROPE; and We were Forc'd to Take up, with the most Scandalous, Disho. nourable, and Prejudicial PEACE. Whereby our TRADE is Wholly Given up, and Our Selves are Left Naked, and Contemptible: And FRANCE is Rais'd, to an Higher Pitch of Glory, and Power, than Ever She Enjoy'd Before. As an Evidence of Which, We see, all the Seeming Advantages, that were Granted, Frustrated, and Ravish'd from Us, before our Eyes; and such Gross Indignities Offer'd, as will make Future Ages Conjecture, that WE Always had been Vanquish'd, in the Whole Course, of the Late War.

THESE are Sad Truths; but They may have This Good Use, viz. Serve to Enhance the Present Blessing, and Illustrate this Remarkable Circumstance, that God has PREVENTED our Great Deliverer,

with the Bleffing of Goodness.

FOR, All that has been Review'd, and Rewiv'd, at Present, does Evines, even to a Demonstration, that the Great Design of all these WRONG STEPS, was to Set Aside the PROTESTANT SUCCESSION; which Nothing, but the very Measures, that were Taken, was Ever Able to Overthrow.

HOW elfe, can We Account, for Persons being so Unreasonably Fond, on a Sudden, of the Notions of Undefcasible, and Unalienable Right, and the Like, which have So Industriously, of Late, been Advanc'd? Unless, it were Slily to Oppose, a PARLIAMENTARY ONE; which is the True Foundation, of our Gracious Sovereign's IUST PRETENSIONS, and PRESENT POSSESSI-ON: and Therefore, Struck at by Those, that would Gladly have Defeated BOTH. What other Reason can be Given, for that Strange Indifference, and Coldness, to the HOUSE of HANOVER; and, which is More, of those Palpable Indignities and Affronts, that were, Many Ways, put upon it, beyond what was ever Seen, or, at any Time, Evidene'd. but upon so Tender a Point, and in so Nice a Conjun-Eture?

IS it not Farther Notorious? that We had no Stated Resident, in that COURT, for a Considerable Time; which was a Proceeding so Unprecedented and Inconsistent, that We have no other Way, Tolerably to Explain it, than to Observe; that, This Look'd Like a Resolute Design, in Those that were at the Helm of Publick Affairs, to Discover to All Europe, their Slender Attachment to the PRESUMPTIVE HEIR; or Rather, their Fixed Attempt, Mortally to Oppose Him: Tho, the Fatal Part of this Transaction, is Like Justly to Fall upon Themselves.

This Avowed Enmity, and Injurious Opposition, was fo far from a Secret, that they seem'd Willing, to Do All They Well could, not to Conceal it. Which is no Rash Conjecture, or Forced Conclusion, when We Remember, with Amazement, that our WISE MANAGERS, at Home, were so Jealous, lest This Succession, which was the Wish, and Hope of All Good Men, should be Too well Secur'd; that They Alter'd the BARRIER TREATY, with the STATES GENERAL, whom They, at the same Time, Accused, and Calumniated with Forged, and Imaginaty Crimes: That They might make the SEC URITY, which Arose, from Their being GUARANTEES to it, the most Precarious, and Ludicrous Thing, in Nature.

TO Sum up All, in a Few Words; It is Still Fresh, in the Memories of Most, that They not only Refus'd, to Pay the Hanover Troops, for some Years, under the Notion of DESERTERS, because, They would not Blindly Abandon the COMMON CAUSE; which was but an Awkward Way of showing a Good Understanding, and Correspondence, which They Ridiculously Enough Pretended to: But. They were even Planet-Struck, when a WRIT was Demanded, for his Royal Highness, to Take his Place in Parliament, as a

PEER of Great-Britain.

THIS Fill'd Them with the Greatest Disorders, for the Time; and Made Them send away his Majesty's ENVOY, with Disgrace; as They had Before Done, by ANOTHER, for that Excellent MEMORIAL of His, which ought to be Writ in Letters of Gold. At Last, They Rais'd such a CLAMOUR about it, and Made such Harsh Remonstrances, as Amounted Almost to Threats, and Menaces: And, in the Whole, Display'd so much GUILT,

GUILT, and RAGE, in their Countenances, Speeches, and Actions, that We may Justly Apply to Them, the Language and Despair, of their GRAND PATRON, in Another Case, ART THOU COMEING TO TORMENT US, BEFORE THE TIME?

THIS Time came, at Last, and Sooner, than was Expected; when the Fatal Blow, was fust Ready to be Struck; and our BLEEDING LIBERTIES, together with That, of all Europe; especially, among Protestants, were Ready to Expire; and We had Nothing Almost Lest, but Sadly

to Expect, a Deluge of Destruction.

THIS was Justly to be Apprehended, when We had Liv'd to see, FRANCE and SPAIN, United in the Same Family; to Prevent Which, was the Chief End of the LATE WAR. The Main Articles of Peace ELUDED, and Improv'd to our Detriment. A Great, and Illustrious Princes Baffled, and Bullied by a Vassal of France, and Made the Ridicule, and Contempt of Europe. Men Enlisted, for the Service of the PRETENDER; and vast Numbers of Troops, in a Readiness, either to Disposses her Late Majesty, of the Throne, or, to Hinder his Present Majesty, from Attaining it; which seem'd Indeed, to be their MASTER GAME, and Darling Contrivance.

WHEN our Danger and Distress, Appear'd with such Ghastly Horror, and our Hearts, and Hopes, were sunk into an Impotent Languishing, and Tormenting Impatience; then God Arose, and Took the Work into his Own Hands, that He Himself, might have all the Glory; and sent Us a Deliverer, in our Last Extremity; and Chang'd, the Former Scene, out of which, We were Unable to Extricate our selves, by Any Humane Help, into the Greatest

Wonder,

Wonder, and Joy. The Surprise of which, was so Great and Glorious, that We Still seem, Like Those that Dream; and can Hardly Believe, to be sure, not Enough Prize, our Present Happiness. Nor, should we Know any Measure, or End, of such Agreeable Resentments, if the ILL WILL, and ILL CARRIAGE of our Disappointed, and Enraged Enemies, did not Still Alarm, and, as Much as Ever, Awaken Us, to a Just Precaution, and Due Concern, to Obviate and Oppose their Lurking Malice, and En-

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deavour to Defeat their Fresh Designs.

BUT, whatever These may be, as it is no Hard Matter to Gueß at them, by their Present Conduct: yet, no Apprehensions of this Nature, should Obstruct, or Lessen our Present Rejoicing; when God has so Wonderfully Prevented, and Happily Surpriz'd Us, with this Great Blessing, of His Majesties Peaceable Accession to the Throne; as well as, PRESERV'D Him to it. For Which, We have Little Reason, to Thank those in the Late Administration; who are Glad Indeed, NOW, to Applaud Seemingly, what they could not Prevent Essectually: And, would Falsely Argue, that there was No Danger, because We, by a Miracle of Mercy, have Escap'd it.

WHATEVER Lame Excuses such would Make, and Wretched Disguises Put on, and Sorry Artifices Employ, to Skreen Themselves from PUBLICK, JUSTICE, at Least, from Publick Observance: yet, let not Us Lose, the Pleasure of our Present Gladness, which Arises, in a Great Measure, from the Consideration, of the Nearness of our Ruin, and the Dissibility of our Escape. But, let Us Lay All these Things Together, which have been Represented, in the Best Manner, I was Capable of, to Fill our Minds with Thankfulness and Praise, to the GOD of all our National, as well as Personal Mercies; and to

Make Us All Unite, our Hearts and Months, in this Fust Sentiment, and Open Confession, that This is the DAY, which the LORD bath Made, and Honoured. in an Especial Manner, We will therefore Rejoice.

and be Glad in IT.

NOR, is it Possible, that We should Manifest a Becoming Thankfulness, for this so Divine, and Desirable a Bleffing; unless, we show forth, the Influence of our Humble Praises, and Chearful Gratitude, by the Fruitfulness of our Lives, and Conversations. Alone, can Render our Present Service, and Acknowledgment, Acceptable to God, and Profitable to our Selves: and be a Means to Secure, and Transmit the Present Bleffing, to our Latest Posterity, who have a Considerable Interest, in Our Conduct and Behaviour.

LET Us therefore, Endeavour to Glorify God, More, and Better, than Ever Tet We have done, by a Due, and Regular Improvement, of all our Ineftimable Privileges, and Liberties, as Britons, and Protestants; and a Careful Abstinence, from all those Crying Sins, which may, Yet, Provoke the Lord to Fealoufy, and Make Him, after all this Great Salvation, which He has Wrought for Us, from First, to Last, send Down those Desolating Judgments, that may Still be in Reserve, for a Disobedient, and Incorrigible People.

LET Us also, Do All that in Us Lies, in our Several Stations, and Capacities, and Circumstances of Life, to Make the Reign of His Present Majesty, Easy, and Agreeable to Him, by our Endeavouring to Lead Peaceable, and Quiet Lives, Under Him, in all Godliness and Honesty; Contributing, According to our Ability, to the Common Tranquillity, and Welfare; and Cultivating, fuch Brotherly Love, and Charity, and

Universal Benevolence, Among our Selves, that No Disorder, or Division may Any More be seen, nor any other Contention, or Strife, than who shall show most Duty, and Obedience to His SACRED MAJESTY; as well as Affection to HIM, and His ROYAL ISSUE, which are the Surest Pledges, of our Lasting Happiness.

FOR which Cause, We may well Conclude, with this Hearty Petition, That God would Long Continue our DEAR, and DREAD SOVERAIGN, upon the Throne of These Kingdoms; and Give Us a SOLOMON, to Reign over Us, in the Person of His Royal Highness, GEORGE PRINCE OF WALES, after this our BRITISH DAVID: and a Durable Succession, by His Most Excellent, and Illustrious CONSORT, which may Remain, as Long as the World it self Shall do.

WHICH God Grant, of his Infinite Mercy; and Let All the People say,

loufs, and Make H. . N Find his Great Sulvarious, which He has Weengest for Us, from 2 38, to I see,

fend Down those Defelving Fudgments, that may Stell be in Referen, for a Bissocalism, and Seconosible Peo-

found Station, and the winter and Committee of Literacy to Make the Right of His for a Western Ends, and commendate Him by Your Hall at the proceedings of the proceedings of the processing the state of the committee of the comm

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Considered they seem and Lord and device had